

Green in-space transportation with tether technology

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Supervisor: to be defined

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1. Introduction: what is a Tethered Satellite?



A Tethered Satellite is coupled by a long cable to another mass or spacecraft.

Tethered satellites provide propellant-free propulsion.

Tethers can be Inert (e.g., used to redistribute momentum from one body to another) or Electrodynamic (with additional

What does the sustainability of Near Earth Orbits require?

capability to interact with the magnetic and electrical force fields).

- ✓ External contamination must be minimized
- ✓ The number of orbital debris must be reduced.

The project of a tethered vehicle can lead to a new technological solution for generating propulsion in space that is:





Free of pollution



Propellant-free



2. Motivation: *why I chose Tether Systems?*



➤ 2019 Research Activity «Technological Development for Auxiliary Deorbiting System from the ISS»

- > Tether System main features:
- ✓ Versatile
- ✓ Adaptatable to many different mission requirements
- ✓ Effective for propulsion
- ✓ Enable long-term operations (propellant-free)
- √ «Ecological Spirit»



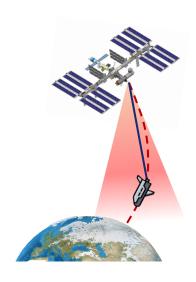
An important advancement for future Space Missions



3. Tether System Applications

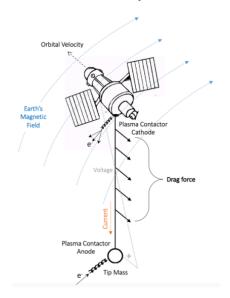


What kind of missions a Tether System can be used for?



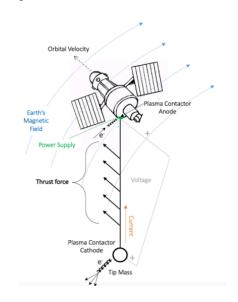
➤ Re-entering payload from space

Preserving cleanliness of space environment



De-orbiting end-of-life satellites

Space debris mitigation



Reboost LEO satellites Avoid propellant resupply



4. Tether System Benefits



A Tether System is able to provide adequate thrust or drag without the complications of combustions and with a minimal impact on the space environment:

1. PRESERVING THE CLEANLINESS OF EXTERNAL ENVIRONMENT

The use of a classical chemical propulsion system near sensitive and inhabited space areas can cause contamination due to the fuel ejection

- Exhaust on external system and optics
- Chemical deposists
- · Exhausted launcher stages
- Danger of starting rocket motors

Safe and Pullution free

2. DEBRIS MITIGATION

End-of-life payloads and satellites disposal need to follow the guidelines of many agencies on debris mitigation. The 25 years recommendation for satellites deorbit leads all major spacecraft providers to install disposal systems on board of their vehicles, save propellant for deorbiting, or to arrange dedicated interfaces for on orbit servicing and deorbit operations at end of life.

Propellant onbord the satellite for a long period

NO propellant leakage and degradation

3. PROPELLANT RESUPPLY

To maintain chemical satellites at their design altitude, a continuous propellant resupply is required.

Need a continuous supply



Satellite self-indipendent from Earth



5. Reserach Project Goal

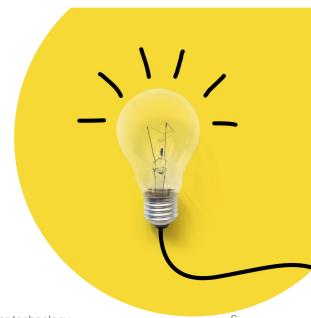


Past Missions (SEDS-I, SEDS-II, YES2, PMG, TSS, TSS-1R and several shorter-tether missions):

- Stable tether deployment
- Proven feasibility of propellant free propulsion: SEDS-I (momentum exchange), PMG (Electrodynamic)
- measure tether boost
- Payload re-entry or deorbiting mission
- Thrust forces for satellite reboost

Demonstrate different configurations of Tether Systems to:

- overcome the limitations of rocket propulsions
- enable new classes of missions currently unaffordable or unfeasible
- significantly advance the tether technology to an operational level





6. International Research Programs



- > Tether system as a Re-entry Device
 - ✓ Re-entry a capsule from the ISS: IPERDRONE.1 (https://www.cira.it/it)

- > Tether System as a De-orbiting Device
 - ✓ Debris mitigation with electrodynamic tether: **E.T.PACK** (https://etpack.eu/)

- > Tether system as a Reboost Device
 - ✓ Compensation of the aerodynamic drag of LEO satellites: IN-SPACE TRANSPORTATION



6.1 IPERDRONE.1





Investigation: the University of Padova design and develop a Small Space Deployment Tether System for deorbiting a space drone with a minimum impact on the space environment



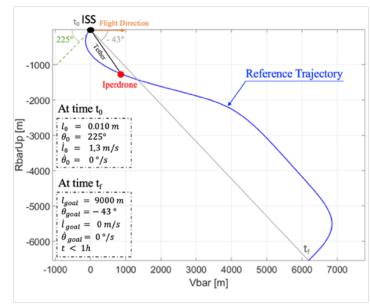




Motivation: demonstrate the feasibility of unwinding a payload (small sat) with a feedback control law



Implementation: arrive at a solution that is effective for deorbiting and efficient from the point of view of mass and operation of the whole re-entry system









Motivation: I plan to work towards a future with a safe and clean space using pollution-free systems for debris mitigation, reducing the impact on the environment.



Investigation: Contributions to analyses of a propellant-free Electrodynamic Tether Kit to be mounted on satellites prior to launch and to be deployed at the end of the satellite operational life for deorbiting





Implementation: Contributions to the development of a prototype tether deployer that will lead to an in-orbit demonstration mission of the technology in the future: internal dynamics of the deployer, optimization of mechanisms and sensors and testing the functionality of the deployer.





6.3 In-Space Transportation





Investigation: development of a new technology based on the use of an Electrodynamic Tether System for reboost satellites in LEO orbits.



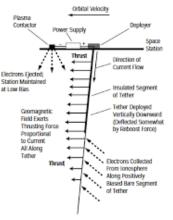
Motivation: compensation of the Aerodynamic Drag



Implementation: development of current control strategies and therefore thrust for navigation and guidance of satellites maintained in their original orbit by propellant-less electrodynamic tether propulsion;

Analysis/development of a mass-efficient system that can generate the desired thrust for applications of great future interest such as LEO satellite constellations







7. Gantt Chart



WBS NUMBER			FIRS	FIRST YEAR									SECOND YEAR											THIRD YEAR									
			T1	T2	T2			T3 T4				T1		T2			T3			T4			T1			T2 T3			T4				
	TASK TITLE	% OF TASK COMPLETE	o	N	D J	F	М	A I	M J	J	Α	S	0	N E) J	F	М	Α	М	J	J	Α	S	О	N	D	J F	м	Α	М	J.	J A	S
ET PACK																																	
1	Study of the program state of art	30%																															
1.1	Requirements and goals	100%	125									\Box					\top	\neg	т	\top	\top	Т		Т									\top
1.2	Deployment Kit design	0%		125																													
1.2.1	Deplyment Mechanism Module	0%		31,3																													
1.2.2	Electron Emitter Module	0%		31,3																													$\neg \neg$
1.2.3	Tether longitudinal Structure	0%		62,5																													
1.3	Performance of the Deplyment Kit demonstration	0%			125																												
1.3.1	Initial stabilization	0%			31,3																												
1.3.2	Controlled deplyment	0%			62,5																												
1.3.3	Deorbit Perfomance	0%			31.3																												
2	Detailled design and Manufacturing																																
2.1	Deployer Design	0%			62	2,5 62,	5 62,5	62,5	62,5 62	2,5 31,	3 31,3	3						\neg	\top	\neg	\top	\top									П		
2.2	Deployer Cold Gas System	0%			62	2,5 62,	5 62,5	31,3																									$\neg \neg$
2.3	Breadboarding and Prototype	0%						31,3	62,5 31	.3 31.	3 62.5	5																					
3	Subsystem Test																																
3.1	Deployer Functional Test	0%										62,5	62,5	62,5																			
IPERDRONE.1																																	
4	Feseability and Analysis	0%							31	,3 62,	5 31,3	3				2,5 62																	
5	System Design	0%												6	62,5 6	2,5 62	2,5 62	2,5 62,	5 62,	5 62,	5 62,5	62,5	31,3										
6	Software Development	0%															62	,5 62,	5 62,	,5 62,	5 62,5	31,3	31,3										
IN SPACE-TRANSPORTATION																																	
7	Study and resarch of feseability	0%										31,3	62,5	62,5					Т			31,3	31,3	125	62,5	62,5	62,5 6	2,5 62	,5 31,3	62,5	31,3	62,5 31	1,3 31,3
8	Current control strategies and thrust for navation an	nd guidan 0%															\neg	\neg	Т			Т		Т	62,5	62,5	62,5 6	2,5 62	,5 31,3	3 31,3	62,5		\neg
9	Conceptual Design	0%																											62,	31,3	31,3	31,3 31	1,3 31,3
THESIS AND REPORT																																	
10	Report	0%										31,3									T	T	31,3							T			31,3
11	Thesis	0%																														31,3 62	2,5 31,3
Educational Activities																																	
12	Educational Activities (250 hours/year)	0%																															

Thanks for the attention!





Università degli Studi di Padova