



METHODS OF ANALYSIS FOR PLANETARY SURFACES AND LIBRATIONS

Scuola di Dottorato in Scienze Tecnologie e Misure Spaziali (STMS) Curriculum: Misure Meccaniche per l'ingegneria e lo Spazio (MMIS) Cicle XXXIV

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BepiColombo Mission

- Collaboration between ESA and JAXA, launch 2018, arrival 2025
- Scientific goal: exploration of Mercury
- > Geology
- Volcanism
- Origin of the planet
- Nucleus of the planet
- ▶ ...
- **Two spacecrafts:** Mercury Planetary Orbiter MPO (ESA) Mercury Magnetospheric Orbiter MMO (JAXA)





MPO



MMO





BepiColombo Instruments

- Instruments:
- Camera SIMBIO-SYS
 - 1. High Resolution Imaging Camera (HRIC)
 - 2. Stero Camera (STC)
 - 3. Visual and Infrared Hyper-Spectral Imager (VIHI)
- Accelerometer ISA
- Ultraviolet Spectrometer PHEBUS
- Laser Altimeter BELA
- ▶ ...







Stereo Vision

- Technique aimed at inferring depth from two or more cameras
- With two (or more) cameras is possible to infer depth, by means of **triangulation**, if it is possible to find corresponding points in the two images
- Alternatively, it is possible to use the same camera from two different points

Depth:

$$Z = \frac{b \cdot f}{x_R - x_T} = \frac{b \cdot f}{d}$$







The Research: 3D model and Librations

• Acquiring 3D model of the surface with the HRIC (better performance)

- Librations: perceived oscillating motion of orbiting bodies relative to each other
- Studying the libration using the movements of markers on the surface







Tasks

- Stereo Vision: validation of methods and algorithms for the 3D mapping of the surface of planets
- Libration: calculate a model capable of describing the libration phenomenon on Mercury
- Estimation of errors: estimate the parameters and tolerances of the camera and the orbit for achieving the best image quality





Thank you for the attention

Questions?