# Study and Development of a $H_2O_2$ based Liquid Rocket Engine

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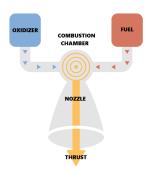
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## Introduction to Liquid Rocket Motors



#### Main characteristics

- Oxidizer and fuel stored in tanks
- Two controllable feeding lines
- Different cooling system solutions

#### Advantages

- High specific impulse
- Operation flexibility
  - Multiple shut down and re-ignition
  - Mass flow throttling
  - Mixture ratio control
- Long burning times

## Disadvantages

- High manufacturing costs
- Technological complexity

## Cooling systems

#### Passive methods

- Very expensive materials
- Small scale thruster



200N Bipropellant Thruster, Orbital Propulsion Centre, Lampoldshausen, Germany

#### Active methods

- Regenerative cycle
- Technological complexity
- Larger scale engine



RL10, Aerojet Rocketdyne

# Why Hydrogen Peroxide?

$$H_2O_2 \leftrightarrow H_2O + 1/2O_{2(g)} + 98kJ/mol$$

#### Main characteristics



No toxicity

- High volumetric specific impulse
- Easy storable at room temperature



Reduced management, storage and processing costs

HTP (High Test Peroxide) Concentration > 80%

## Versatility:

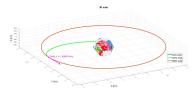
- Monopropellant
- Bipropellant → combustion reaction with fuel

 $Isp_{MMH/N_2O_4} \hookrightarrow Isp_{HTP/Kerosene}$ 

## Aim and innovation of this work

- Aim: study and develop a liquid engine based on HTP as a good substitution for the hydrazine based ones
- Innovation: study the coupling of HTP propellant and double vortex flow field

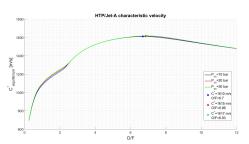
# Project parameters

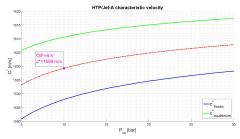


$$\mathit{lsp} = rac{c^*c_f}{g_0}$$
 ,  $T = g_0 \dot{m} \mathit{lsp}$ 

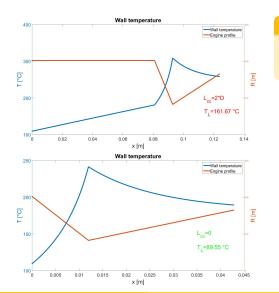
## Kick apogee motor

Oxidizer mass flow	[ 120 [g/s]
Oxidizer	HTP
Fuel	Kerosene
O/F	6.5
MEOP	10 [bar]
Throat diameter	16.8 [mm]
c*	1599 [m/s]
ε	220 - 330
Thrust vacuum	420 - 440 [N]
Isp	310 - 330 [s]
$\Delta V$	1.4688 [km/s]
th	1.456 [hours]





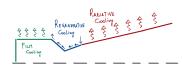
# Preliminary design



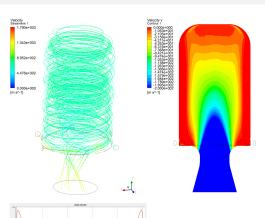
#### HTP

- $T_L max = 120^{\circ} C$
- $\dot{m}_{cool} = \dot{m}_{ox}$





# Chamber cooling



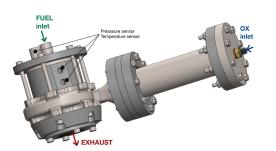
## CFD analysis

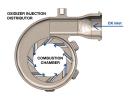
- CFX/Fluent commercial code
- RANS equations
- $k \varepsilon$  turbulent model
- HTP Monopropellant
- Double vortex

#### └ Note:

- $CR \ge 30 \Rightarrow$  recirculation on the wall
- Negligible injection angle effect
- No distributor effect

## Engine design





#### Main characteristics

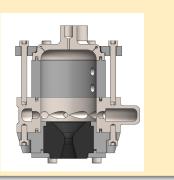
- Battleship design
- Multiple configurations
- High safety factor
- 3D printed components



# Engine configurations

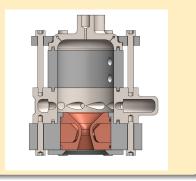
## Short burning time

- Uncooled nozzle
- Fuel injection investigation



## Long burning times

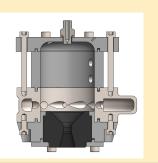
- Nozzle cooling
- $H_2O$  coolant



## Fuel injector configurations

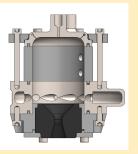
#### Commercial injector

- Single injector
- Axial injection
- Full cone spray configuration



#### Custom configuration

- Multiple injection ports
- Radial injection
- 3D printed plate



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## Work done

- Preliminary design of the engine
- CFD analysis of the flow structure
- Design the engine
- Implementation of the fuel feeding line

#### Future work

- Conclusion of the test bed implementation
- Engine production
- Numerical investigation
- First fire test campaign

Thank you! Any questions?