1ST SYMPOSIUM ON SPACE EDUCATIONAL ACTIVITIES



Università degli Studi di Padova



DIPARTIMENTO DI INGEGNERIA INDUSTRIALE



Development of a Ground Based Cooperating Spacecraft Testbed for Research and Education

Mattia Mazzucato, Sergio Tronco, Andrea Valmorbida,

Fabio Scibona and Enrico C. Lorenzini

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Motivation

- \checkmark Space debris active removal
- ✓ Automated Rendezvous and Docking (AR&D)
- ✓ Satellite Formation Flying (SFF)
- SPARTANS Project Overview
- The Attitude Module
- Preparatory Experimental Activities
 - ✓ Mass balancing, thrusters characterization, inertia tensor determination
- Attitude Navigation System
 - Noise characterization, calibration, development and validation of the navigation algorithm

Control Manuevers

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SPARTANS Project Motivation





- SPARTANS: cooperating SPAcecRaft Testbed for Autonomous proximity operatioNs experimentS
 - Developed by Master's Degree students, PhD students and Post-docs
- Representative dynamic environment for the development and verification on the ground of:
 - sensors and algorithms for relative navigation;
 - coupled position and attitude proximity control algorithms.
- Some flexibility in changing the onboard configuration
 - Research and educational purposes
- SPARTANS final configuration:
 - Two ore more Spacecraft Simulators
 - External Control Station



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- Each simulator made of:
 - Attitude Module (AM)
 - \checkmark three rotational degrees of freedom provided by mechanical gimbals
 - Translational Module (TM)
 - \checkmark two position degrees of freedom
 - ✓ translating on a glass-covered table using a low friction air cushion system
- Three separate dynamic configurations:
 - 3 attitude DOF
 - \checkmark only AM used;
 - combined 3 DOF (2 transl. + 1 att.)
 - relative motion between the two modules mechanically blocked
 - combined 5 DOF (2 transl. + 3 att.)
 - The only function of the TM is to allow a translational low friction motion of AM



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Attitude Module first prototype



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Attitude Module Subsystems



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The Cardanic Joints System







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Preparatory Experimental Activities (2)



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The Attitude Navigation System Random Noise Characterization

- Attitude Navigation system: Determination of AM
 Body frame orientation wrt to external Global
 reference frame
 - ✓ 3 axis MEMS inertial sensor gyroscope;
 - Quadrature Encoders (QE) simulating star sensors
 - Sensor fusion through Extendend Indirect
 Kalman Filter
- Syroscopic measurement: $\omega_m = \omega + b + n_{\omega}$
 - ✓ *b* bias, n_{ω} zero mean Gaussian noise
 - ✓ Bias model $\dot{b} = n_b$
- > Star Tracker simulated by QE: $q_m = q + n_q$
- > Allan Variance analysis
 - ✓ Gyroscope Angular Random Walk (ARW) coefficient *N* for high frequency noise n_{ω}
 - ✓ Rate Random Walk (RRW) coefficient K for low frequency bias noise n_b

Axis	Ν	В	К
	$\left(\frac{deg}{sec}\right) / \sqrt{Hz}$	deg sec	$\left(\frac{deg}{sec}\right)\sqrt{Hz}$
X	7.867 E-3	1.241 E-3	1.111 E-4
Y	9.281 E-3	1.418 E-3	1.389 E-4
Z	7.389 E-3	1.117 E-3	1.111 E-4



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The Attitude Navigation System Navigation Algorithm Development and Validation

- Calibration procedure
 - Compensation of deterministic errors due to misalignments, scale factors and zero rate bias
 - Spline interpolation applied to QEs measurements as AM orientation fiducial reference
- Extended Indirect Kalman Filter (IKF)
 - Star sensors measurements used to compensate
 white noise integration in gyros measurements
 - ✓ Attitude dynamics linearization
- Experimental tests
 - IKF implemented in Arduino DUE microcontroller
 - Angular velocity estimation accuracy within ± 0.3 deg/s with 3σ confidence level

Test number	RMS errors on Euler Angles		
	$\mathcal{E}_{oldsymbol{arphi}}$	$arepsilon_{ heta}$	$arepsilon_\psi$
Test 1	0.062 °	0.049 °	0.058 °
Test 2	0.063 °	0.048 °	0.039 °
Test 3	0.059 °	0.052 °	0.057 °
Test 4	0.068 °	0.058 °	0.047 °



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- Quaternion-based PID regulator with discretized formulation
 - \checkmark Proportional and derivative kick avoidance
 - ✓ Anti-reset windup feedback scheme
 - ✓ First order low pass filter for minimization of derivative component noise
 - \checkmark Tuning of the regulator through trial and error procedure



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Control Maneuvers Set Point Reaching Maneuver

- Set point reaching maneuver
 - ✓ Reference attitude:
 - $\Theta_d = [\varphi_d, \ \theta_d, \ \psi_d] = [5, \ 7.5, \ 25] \ deg$
 - Concordance between software simulation
 results (continuous red line) and experimental
 results (dashed black
 line)
 - Tracking error lower than 0.5 deg in both steady state and dynamic conditions



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Control Maneuvers Reference Trajectory Tracking

- Repointing maneuver with active constraints on the attitude state trajectory
 - Reference trajectory with keep out cones \checkmark obtained through pseudospectral optimization methods
 - Tracking errors always lower than 0.5 deg



Polar Diagram with Body axes reference trajectories and keep-out cones (cyan areas)



Roll, Pitch, Yaw reference trajectories

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Conclusions and Future Perspectives

- Attitude Module (AM) of the SPARTANS cooperating spacecraft testbed
 - ✓ Preparatory Experimental Activities
 - ✓ Attitude Navigation System
 - ✓ Control Maneuvers
- Translation Module (TM) of the SPARTANS cooperating spacecraft testbed
 - Low friction air skids suspension system for translation on glass table
 - Position and azimuth determination system
 - Attitude and position control maneuvers with 5 DOF



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THANK YOU FOR YOUR KIND ATTENTION

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