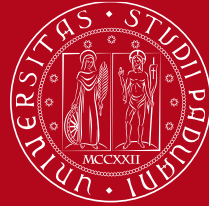


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Development of a Fine Steering Tip/Tilt Mechanism for Space Applications

Armando Grossi - 36th Cycle

Supervisor: Prof. Ugo Galvanetto

Industrial Supervisor: Eng. Emanuele Piersanti

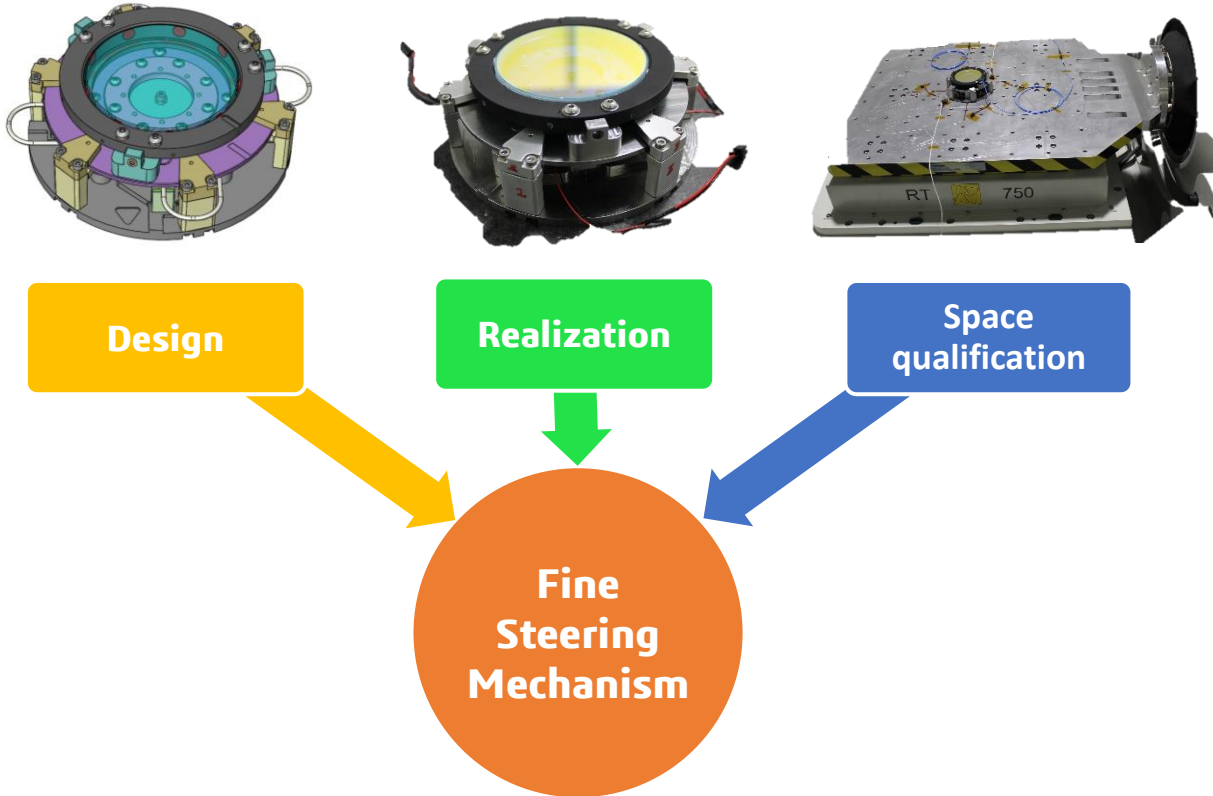
PhD Course in Science, Technologies and Measurements for Space

Admission to the thesis evaluation procedure – 13-14/09/2023

- Research project objectives
- Why a Steering Mechanism?
- Three years research activity
- Lead requirements
- Layout definition
- Actuator analysis and design
- MAiA breadboard
- Final mechanism analysis & design
- Integration and verification
- Functional tests
- Environmental tests
- Conclusions



Research project objectives

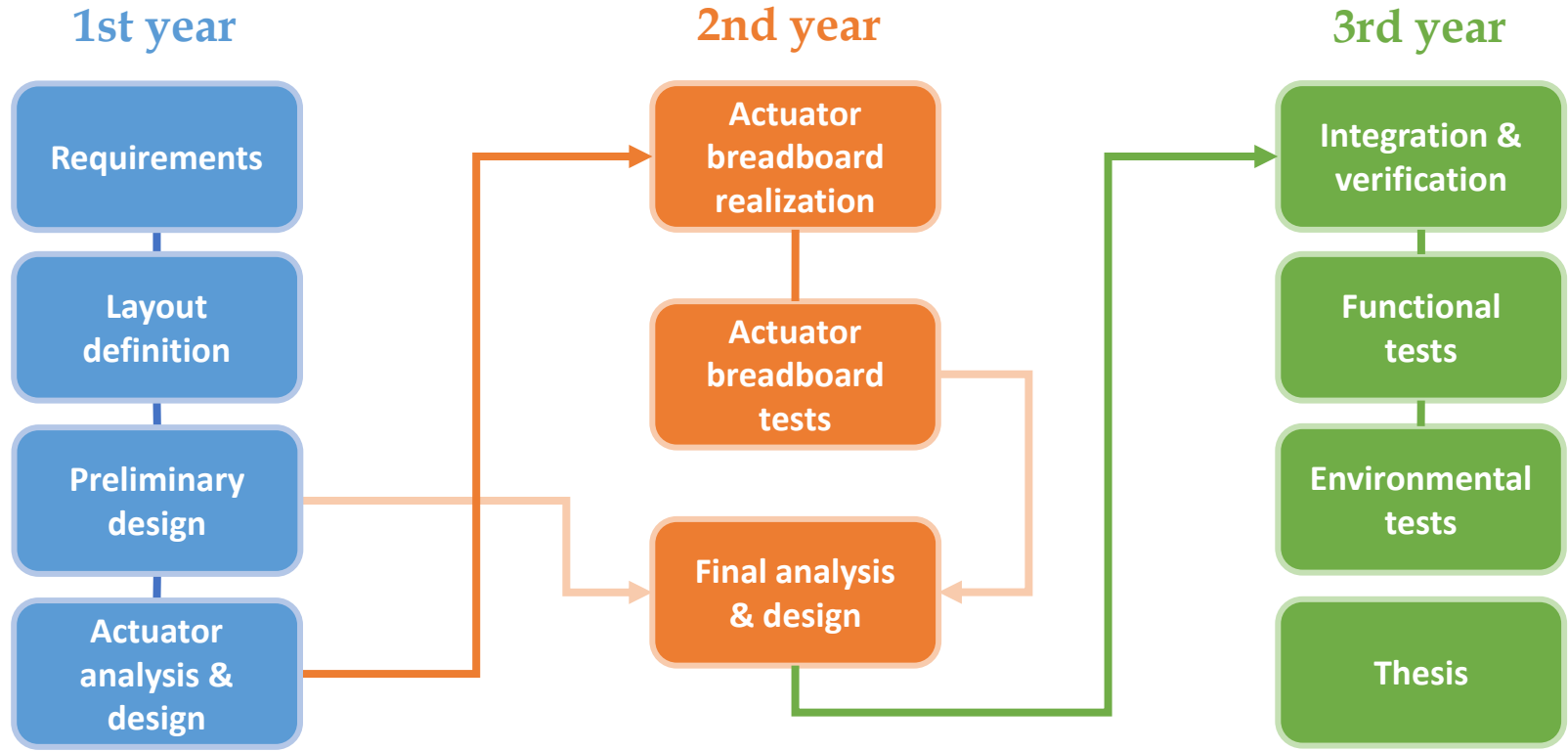


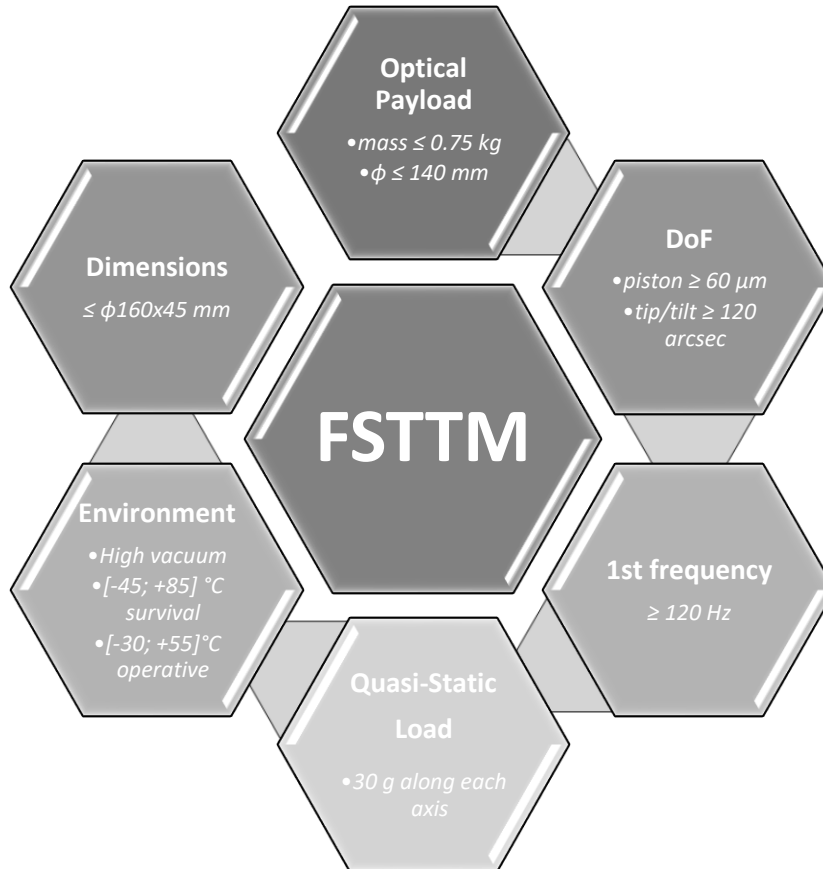


Why a steering mechanism?

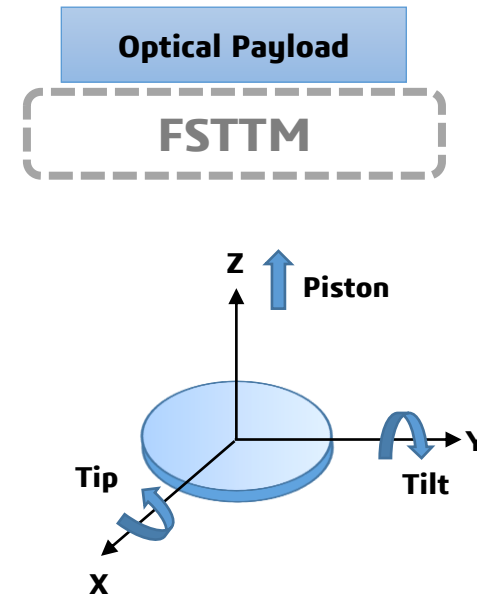
- To modify/correct the position/orientation of optical elements inside a telescope for space applications.
- Because of disalignments due to:
 - launcher vibrations;
 - thermal variations in orbit;
 - dimensional variations of structural elements (es. shrinkage of CFRP components);
 - platform micro-vibrations/jitter;
 - ground errors (manufacturing, integration, ...).

3 years research activity - main steps





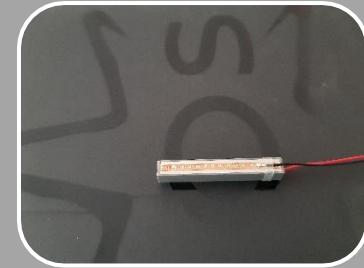
- ❑ Fine Steering Tip/Tilt Mechanism (FSTTM) requirements have been defined at the beginning of the research activity.



- ❑ A bibliographic review has been conducted on actuators, sensors and mechanisms providing 3 DoF.
- ❑ After that, the layout of the FSTTM has been defined:
 - *multilayer piezoelectric actuators to generate motion;*
 - *capacitive sensors to measure generated motion.*
- ❑ A trade-off analysis has been conducted between 3-actuators and 4-actuators layouts.
- ❑ 4-actuators layout selected because of:
 - *stiffer system;*
 - *easier control strategy;*
 - *lower required stroke for tip/tilt rotations.*

Why piezo actuators?

- *High resolution*
- *No stick-slip*
- *No lubrication*
- *High vacuum operations*
- *Low heat dissipation*

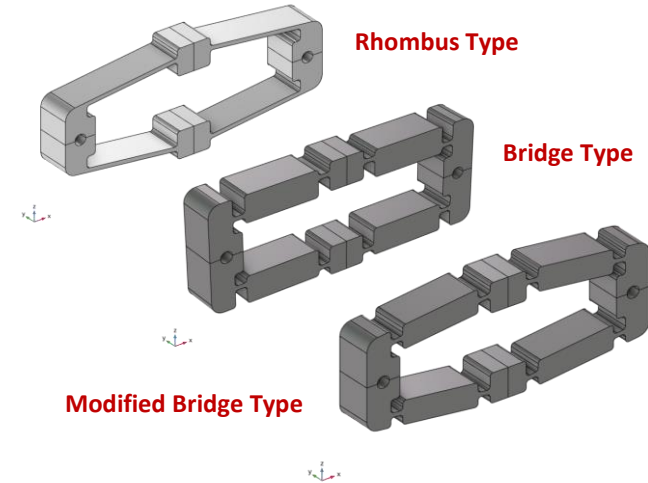
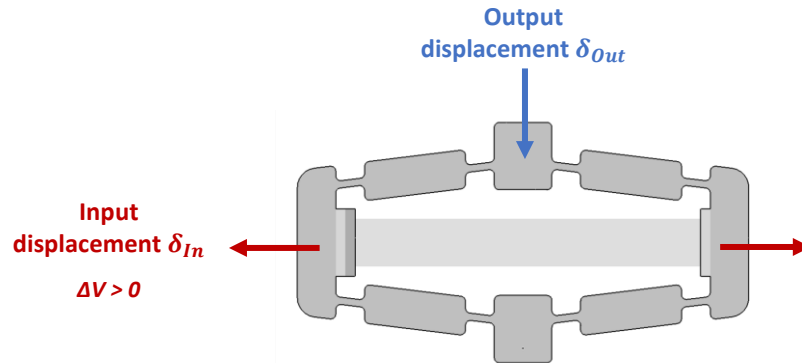


Why capacitive sensors?

- *Non-contact measurements*
- *High accuracy*
- *High resolution*
- *No magnetic field production*
- *High vacuum operations*
- *Insensitive to temperature variations*

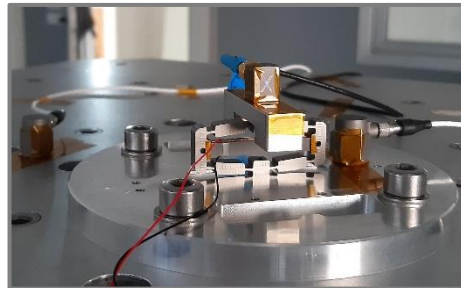
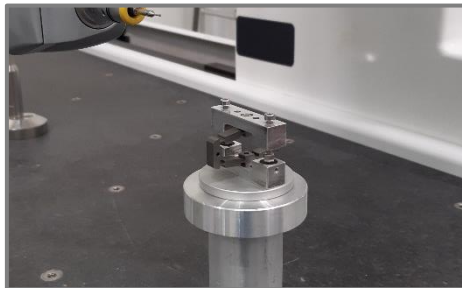
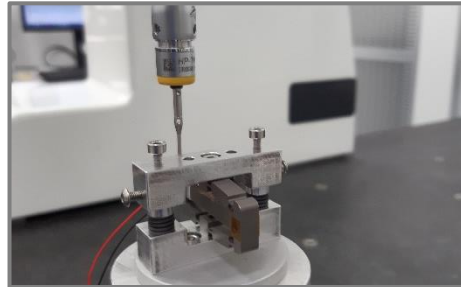
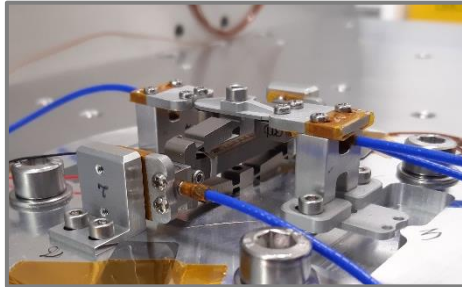
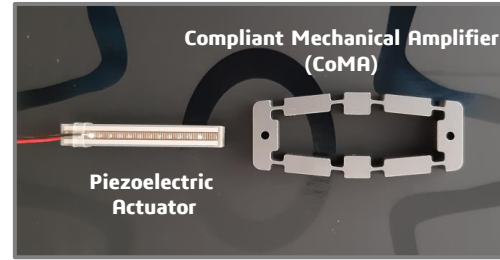


- The actuator has been properly designed and analysed:
 - piezoelectric actuator preloaded and amplified by a compliant mechanism;
 - working principle based on the inverse piezoelectric effect.



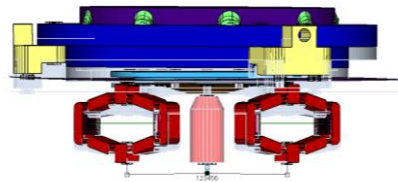
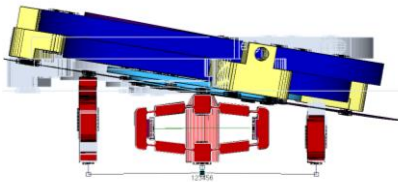
- Several geometries have been studied for the compliant mechanism, comparing their geometric advantages δ_{out}/δ_{In} .
- A modified bridge type has been selected --> 6.9 of *geometric advantage* in free conditions.

- ❑ A breadboard of the Mechanical Amplified Piezoelectric Actuator (MAiA) has been realized in the second year.



- ❑ Several tests have been carried out on:
 - *single piezo actuator;*
 - *single Compliant Mechanical Amplifier (CoMA);*
 - *complete actuator in air and in vacuum;*
 - *preload in vacuum at survival temperatures (-45 and +85°C);*
- ❑ *A resonance search has been performed to correlate Finite Element model with measured eigenfrequencies.*

- ❑ Using breadboard test results, FSTTM design has been finalised.
- ❑ Several Finite Element analyses have been performed:
 - Modal Analysis → *to identify eigenfrequencies;*
 - Static Analyses → *Quasi-Static load verification;*
 - Frequency Responses → *sinusoidal load verification;*
 - Random Responses → *random load verification;*
 - Shock Responses → *shock load verification;*
 - Thermo-Elastic analyses → *thermal loads verification;*
 - Operative analyses → *to estimate piston and tip/tilt performances under gravity and thermal loads.*





- ❑ In the third year, the mechanism has been realized.



- ❑ The Fine Steering Tip/Tilt Mechanism has been fully integrated.

❑ TEST

- *FSTTM performances (tip/tilt and piston) verified in air at 20°C*
- *Capacitive sensors measurements compared with CMM measurements*

FUNCTIONAL TEST

Pressure: *ambient*

Temperature: *20°C*

Measurement Method: *CMM +
Capacitive Sensors*



☐ PRE-TEST

- *Performances measured in vacuum at 20°C*
- *Comparison with CMM measurements (in air, at 20°C)*

☐ TEST

- *Performances measured at minimum operative temperature (-30°C)*
- *Performances measured at maximum operative temperature (+55°C)*

☐ POST-TEST

- *Performances re-measured at 20°C*

FUNCTIONAL TEST

Pressure: $< 1e-5$ mbar

Temperature: -30°C , 20°C , 55°C

Measurement Method: *Optical + Capacitive Sensors*



☐ PRE-TEST

- *Preliminary Resonance Search*
- *FE model correlation using measured eigenfrequencies and estimated damping ratios*
- *FEA predictions → to estimate max stress in sine and random vibrations*

☐ TEST

- *Sinusoidal vibrations*
- *Random vibrations*

☐ POST-TEST

- *FSTTM performance verification with CMM*

❑ PRE-TEST

- *Piston performances verified in vacuum at 20°C.*

❑ TEST

- *1 non-operative cycle [+85;-45]°C;*
- *7 operative cycles [+55; -30]°C;*
- *piston measured at each +55°C and -30°C plateaus.*

❑ POST-TEST

- *Piston re-measured in vacuum at 20°C.*

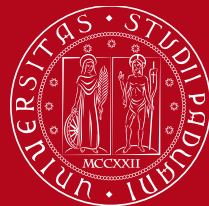
- ✓ A Fine Steering Mechanism has been designed, starting from requirements and layout definitions.
- ✓ The mechanism design has been verified through a breadboard of the designed actuator, and through several Finite Element Analyses.
- ✓ The mechanism has been procured and integrated.
- ✓ The mechanism has been qualified under sine and random vibrations (no frequency shifts and performances degradations have been observed).
- ✓ The mechanism has been qualified under 8 thermal-vacuum cycles, operating the system in operative environment (no degradation of performances have been observed).



- To complete the qualification with a shock test (verified only by FE analyses).
- To implement a closed-loop control (FSTTM tested only in open-loop).
- To analyze in depth MAiA actuators behaviour.
- To analyze in depth FSTTM lower performances at higher temperatures.

Thanks for the attention

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